

**A CONCEPT FOR STIMULATED PROTON TRANSFER IN 1-  
(PHENYLDIAZENYL)NAPHTHALEN-2-OLS**

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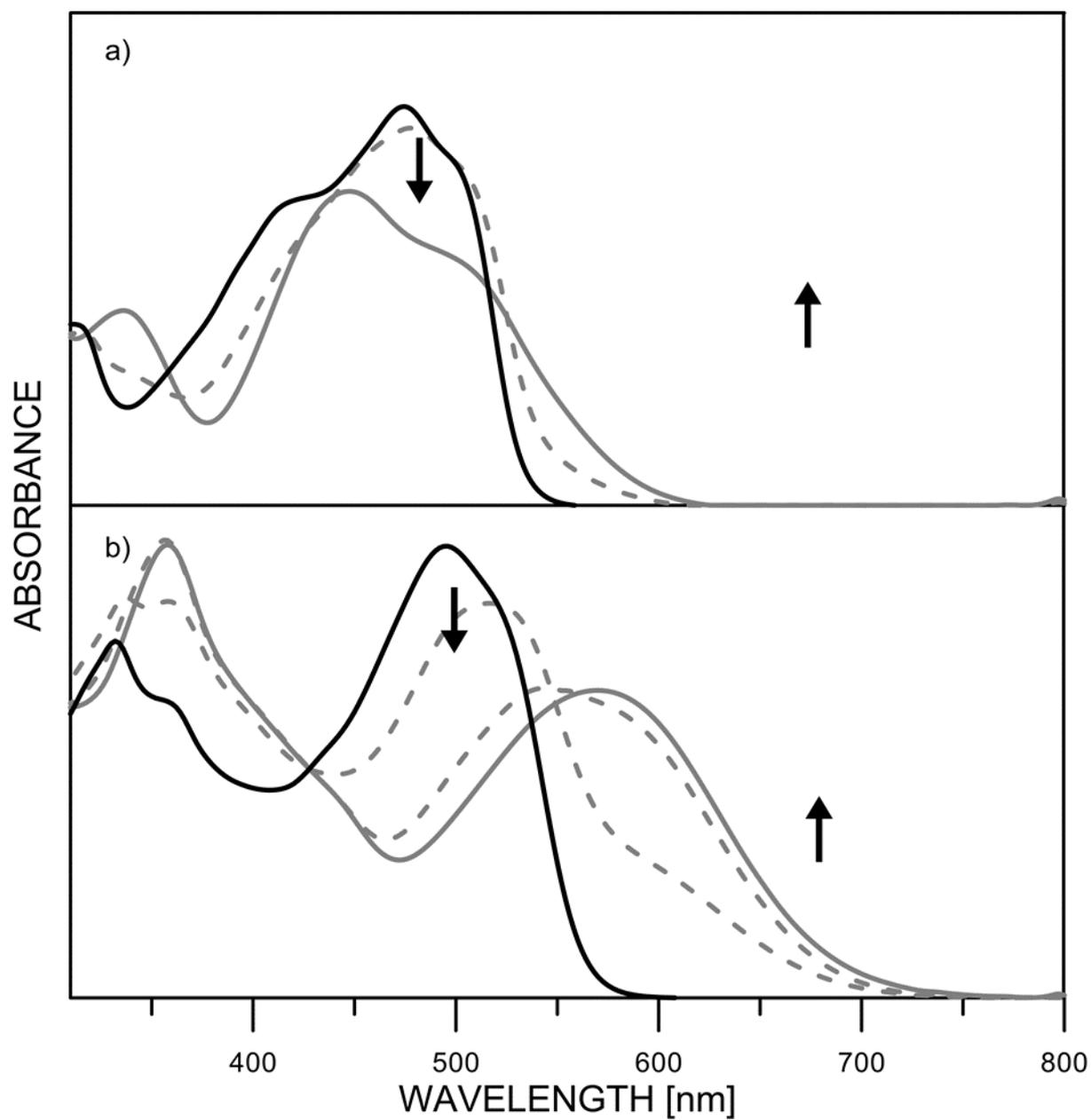


Figure S1. Absorption spectra of a) **1** and b) **2** in ACN upon base addition: (—without base addition; — final spectrum upon base addition).

Table S1 : crystallographic data of compound **3**.

Compound	3
Formula	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>23</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O
<i>D</i> <sub>calc.</sub> / g cm <sup>-3</sup>	1.268
$\mu$ /mm <sup>-1</sup>	0.079
Formula Weight	345.43
Colour	red
Shape	block
Size/mm <sup>3</sup>	0.20×0.15×0.08
<i>T</i> /K	250
Crystal System	triclinic
Space Group	P-1
<i>a</i> /Å	10.8103(10)
<i>b</i> /Å	11.2369(12)
<i>c</i> /Å	17.1688(18)
$\alpha$ <sup>°</sup>	80.314(10)
$\beta$ <sup>°</sup>	75.096(7)
$\gamma$ <sup>°</sup>	64.142(7)
<i>V</i> /Å <sup>3</sup>	1809.8(3)
<i>Z</i>	4
<i>Z</i> '	2
Wavelength/Å	0.71073
Radiation type	MoK $\alpha$
$\Theta$ <sub>min</sub> <sup>°</sup>	1.230
$\Theta$ <sub>max</sub> <sup>°</sup>	25.219
Measured Refl.	23416
Independent Refl.	6462
Reflections Used	1986
<i>R</i> <sub>int</sub>	0.1037
Parameters	469
Restraints	0
Largest Peak	0.133
Deepest Hole	-0.127
GooF	0.723
<i>wR</i> <sub>2</sub> (all data)	0.1004
<i>wR</i> <sub>2</sub>	0.0729
<i>R</i> <sub>I</sub> (all data)	0.1714
<i>R</i> <sub>I</sub>	0.0424

A red block-shaped crystal with dimensions 0.20×0.15×0.08 mm<sup>3</sup> was mounted on a MiTeGen holder in oil. X-ray diffraction data were collected using a STOE IPDS 2 diffractometer equipped with a Oxford Cryosystems low-temperature device, operating at *T* = 250 K.

Data were measured using rotation method scans using MoK $\alpha$  radiation (fine-focus sealed tube). The maximum resolution achieved was  $\Theta$  = 25.219<sup>°</sup>.

Cell parameters were retrieved using the X-Area (Stoe & Cie, 2009) software and refined using X-RED32(Stoe & Cie, 2009) on 5733 reflections, 24 % of the observed reflections. Data reduction was performed using the X-RED32(Stoe & Cie, 2009) software which corrects for Lorentz polarisation. The final completeness is 98.90 % out to 25.219<sup>°</sup> in  $\Theta$ .

A integration absorption correction was performed using Stoe & Cie (2002). X-SHAPE. Stoe & Cie, Darmstadt, Germany The absorption coefficient  $\mu$  of this material is 0.079 mm<sup>-1</sup> at this wavelength ( $\lambda$  = 0.71073Å) and the minimum and maximum transmissions are 0.7405 and

0.9710.

The structure was solved in the space group *P*-1 (# 2) by Intrinsic Phasing using the **ShelXT** (Sheldrick, 2015) structure solution program and refined by Least Squares using version 2017/1 of **ShelXL** (Sheldrick, 2015). All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. Hydrogen atom positions were calculated geometrically and refined using the riding model.

*Refinement model details :*

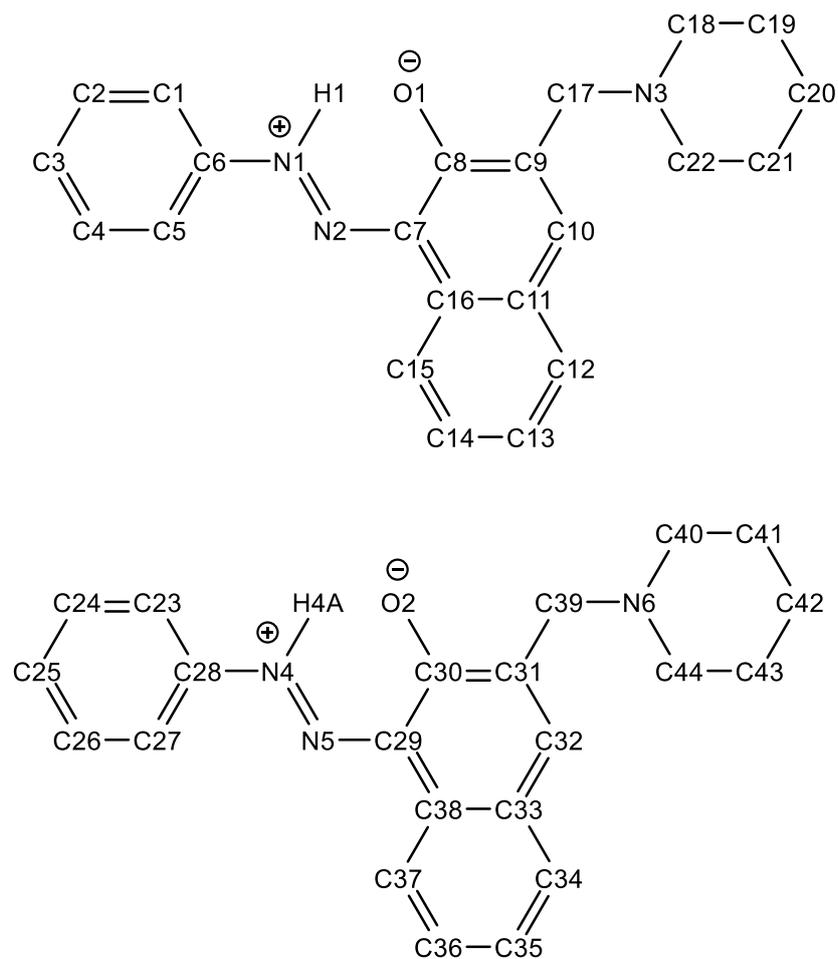
1. Fixed Uiso, at 1.2 times of all C(H) groups, all C(H,H) groups, all N(H) groups
- 2.a Riding coordinates: N1(H1), N4(H4a)
- 2.b Secondary CH2 refined with riding coordinates: C17(H17a,H17b), C18(H18a,H18b), C19(H19a,H19b), C20(H20a,H20b), C21(H21a,H21b), C22(H22a,H22b), C39(H39a,H39b), C40(H40a,H40b), C41(H41a,H41b), C42(H42a,H42b), C43(H43a,H43b), C44(H44a,H44b)
- 2.c Aromatic/amide H refined with riding coordinates: C1(H1a), C2(H2), C3(H3), C4(H4), C5(H5), C10(H10), C12(H12), C13(H13), C14(H14), C15(H15), C23(H23), C24(H24), C25(H25), C26(H26), C27(H27), C32(H32), C34(H34), C35(H35), C36(H36), C37(H37)

*\_exptl\_absorpt\_process\_details:* Stoe & Cie (2002). X-SHAPE. Stoe & Cie, Darmstadt, Germany

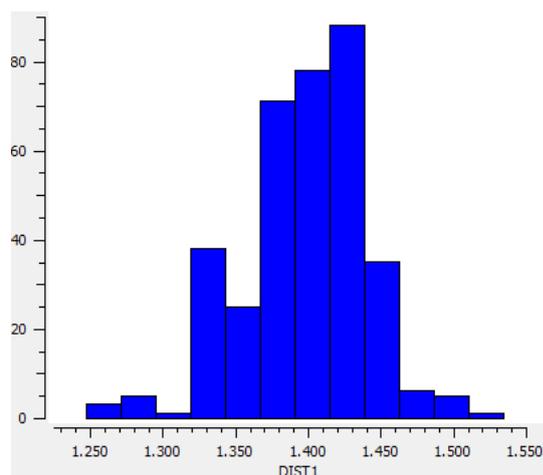
**Table S2:** Hydrogen Bond information for **3**.

<b>D</b>	<b>H</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>d(D-H)/Å</b>	<b>d(H-A)/Å</b>	<b>d(D-A)/Å</b>	<b>D-H-A/deg</b>
N1	H1	O1	0.97	1.75	2.522(4)	133.9
N4	H4A	O2	0.91	1.75	2.500(4)	137.8

**Scheme S1:** labelling of crystal structure of **3**.



**Figure S2:** Statistics on N-N bonds in Ph-N-N-Ph motifs (no H atoms request). (CSD version 5.38, updates May 2017, 207 hits)



**Figure S3:** Statistics on N=N bonds in Ph-N=N-Ph motifs (no H atoms request). (CSD version 5.38, updates May 2017, 1377 hits)

