Published in "Physical Chemistry Chemical Physics 17(28): 18547–18557, 2015" which should be cited to refer to this work.

## Development and applications of the LFDFT: the non-empirical calculation of ligand field and the simulation of the f - d transitions by Density Functional Theory

## Harry Ramanantoanina<sup>a</sup>\*, Mohammed Sahnoun<sup>b</sup>, Andrea Barbiero<sup>a</sup>, Marilena Ferbinteanu<sup>c</sup> and Fanica Cimpoesu<sup>d</sup>\*

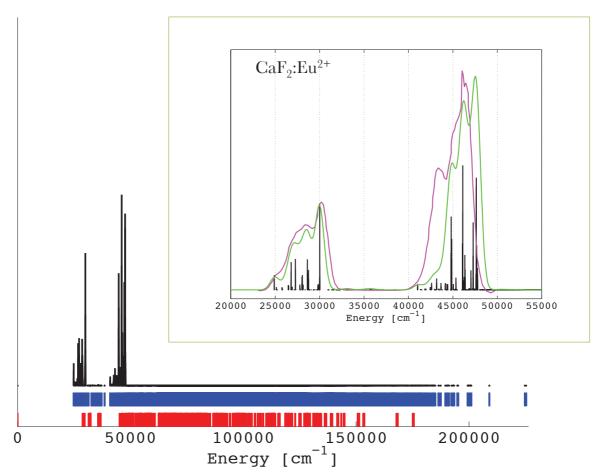
<sup>a</sup> Department of Chemistry of the University of Fribourg (Switzerland), Chemin du Musée 9, 1700 Fribourg, Switzerland, Fax: +41 26 300 9738; Tel: +41 26 300 8700; E-mail: harry.ra@hotmail.com

<sup>b</sup> Laboratoire de physique de la matière et modélisation mathématique, LPQ3M, Université de Mascara, Algeria

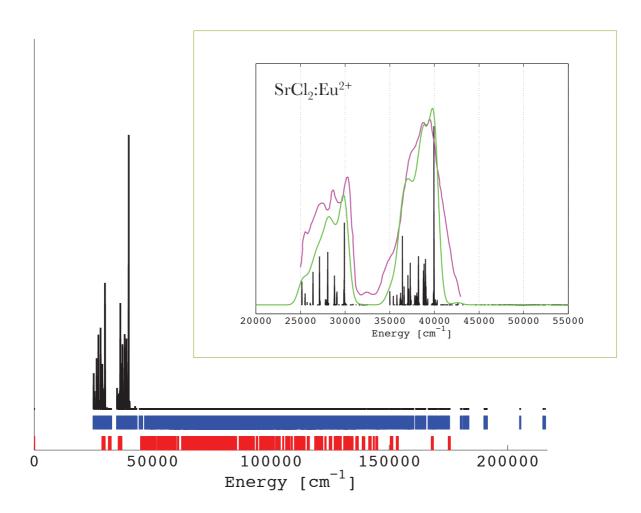
<sup>c</sup> Faculty of Chemistry, Inorganic Chemistry Department, University of Bucharest, Dumbrava Rosie 23, Bucharest 0206462, Romania

<sup>d</sup> Institute of Physical Chemistry, Splaiul Independentei 202, Bucharest 060021, Romania; E-mail: cfanica@yahoo.com

**Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI): 3 pages.** 



**Fig. S1** Calculated multiplet energy levels of the  $4f^7$  (in red) and the  $4f^65d^1$  (in blue) electron configurations of Eu<sup>2+</sup> doped into CaF<sub>2</sub>, together with the calculated oscillator strength obtained for the transitions the  $4f^7$  ( ${}^8S_{7/2}$ ) -  $4f^65d^1$  (in black). Inset: comparison between the theoretical results (*i.e.* zero phonon lines (in black) and the superposition of a Gaussian with a width of 500 cm<sup>-1</sup> on the zero phonon lines (in green)) and the excitation spectrum (in magenta) reproduced from ref. [G. W. Burdick, A. Burdick, V. Deev, C.-K. Duan and M. F. Reid, *J. Lumin.*, 2005, *118*, 205.]



**Fig. S2** Calculated multiplet energy levels of the  $4f^7$  (in red) and the  $4f^65d^1$  (in blue) electron configurations of  $Eu^{2+}$  doped into SrCl<sub>2</sub>, together with the calculated oscillator strength obtained for the transitions the  $4f^7$  ( ${}^8S_{7/2}$ ) -  $4f^65d^1$  (in black). Inset: comparison between the theoretical results (*i.e.* zero phonon lines (in black) and the superposition of a Gaussian with a width of 500 cm<sup>-1</sup> on the zero phonon lines (in green)) and the excitation spectrum (in magenta) reproduced from ref. [Z. Pan, L. Ning, B.-M. Cheng and P. A. Tanner, *Chem. Phys. Lett.*, 2006, **428**, 78.]