

Table S1

Accession numbers of the sequences of the dataset.

Sequences noted by a \* are available from <http://herbarium.millersville.edu/pubs-support.php>.

	<i>atpB</i>	<i>matK</i>	<i>rbcL</i>	<i>trnL-F</i>	<i>phyB</i>
<i>Acion hookeri</i>	–	GQ409019	–	–	–
<i>Acion monocephalum</i>	–	GQ409041	–	GQ408950	–
<i>Alexgeorgea ganopoda</i>	–	–	AF148759	AF148719	–
<i>Alexgeorgea nitens</i>	–	GQ409052	–	GQ408944	–
<i>Alexgeorgea subterranea</i>	–	GQ409034	GQ408918	GQ408988	–
<i>Anarthria gracilis</i>	–	–	–	GQ408982	–
<i>Anarthria humilis</i>	–	DQ257497	GQ408934	GQ409004	–
<i>Anarthria prolifera</i>	–	DQ257499	DQ307438	GQ409009	–
<i>Anarthria scabra</i>	–	–	–	GQ408983	–
<i>Anthochortus capensis</i>	–	–	–	AF175128	–
<i>Anthochortus crinalis</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Anthochortus ecklonii</i>	–	–	–	AF175129	–
<i>Anthochortus graminifolius</i>	*	*	AM235091	*	–
<i>Anthochortus insignis</i>	–	–	–	AF175130	–
<i>Anthochortus singularis</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Apodasmia brownii</i>	–	GQ409033	GQ408919	–	–
<i>Apodasmia chilensis</i>	–	–	AF307923	–	–
<i>Apodasmia similis</i>	–	–	AF307924	–	–
<i>Askidiosperma albo-aristatum</i>	AY881326	AY881474	AY881400	AY881546	–
<i>Askidiosperma alticolum</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Askidiosperma andreaeanum</i>	AY881328	AY881476	AY881402	AY881548	–
<i>Askidiosperma capitatum</i>	AY881329	AY881477	AY881403	AY881549	–
<i>Askidiosperma chartaceum</i>	AY881330	AY881478	AY881404	AY881550	–
<i>Askidiosperma delicatulum</i>	AY881331	–	*	AY881551	–
<i>Askidiosperma esterhuyseniae</i>	AY881332	AY881479	*	AY881552	–
<i>Askidiosperma insigne</i>	AY881333	AY881480	AY881407	AY881553	–
<i>Askidiosperma longiflorum</i>	AY881334	AY881481	AY881408	AY881554	–
<i>Askidiosperma nitidum</i>	AY881335	AY881482	AY881409	AY881555	–
<i>Askidiosperma paniculatum</i>	AY881336	AY881483	AY881410	AY881556	–
<i>Askidiosperma rugosum</i>	AY881337	AY881484	AY881411	AY881557	–
<i>Baloskion australe</i>	–	GQ409014	–	GQ408945	–
<i>Baloskion gracile</i>	–	–	AF148764	AF148724	–
<i>Baloskion longipes</i>	–	GQ409017	–	–	–
<i>Baloskion tetraphyllum</i>	–	DQ257501	AF148761	AF148721	–
<i>Calorophus elongatus</i>	–	GQ409036	AF148765	AF148725	–
<i>Calorophus erostris</i>	–	–	GQ408930	GQ408999	–
<i>Cannomois arenicola</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Cannomois congesta</i>	–	–	–	AF175136	–
<i>Cannomois parviflora</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Cannomois saundersii</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Cannomois schlechteri</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Cannomois scirpoides</i>	*	*	*	*	–

<i>Cannomois spicata</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Cannomois virgata</i>	–	–	–	AF175137	–
<i>Catacolea enodis</i>	–	GQ409049	–	GQ408946	–
<i>Ceratocaryum argenteum</i>	–	–	*	AF175131	–
<i>Ceratocaryum caespitosum</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513950
<i>Ceratocaryum decipiens</i>	–	–	–	AF175132	–
<i>Ceratocaryum fimbriatum</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Ceratocaryum fistulosum</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Ceratocaryum pulchrum</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Ceratocaryum xerophilum</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Chaetanthus aristatus</i>	–	DQ257508	AF148782	AF148743	–
<i>Chaetanthus tenellus</i>	–	–	–	GQ408947	–
<i>Chordifex abortivus</i>	–	GQ409022	GQ408921	GQ408990	–
<i>Chordifex amblycoleus</i>	–	GQ409026	AF148789	AF148750	–
<i>Chordifex capillaceus</i>	–	GQ409030	GQ408922	GQ408991	–
<i>Chordifex chaunocoleus</i>	–	–	–	GQ408948	–
<i>Chordifex crispatus</i>	–	DQ257510	GQ408923	GQ408992	–
<i>Chordifex isomorphus</i>	–	GQ409016	–	GQ408949	–
<i>Chordifex jacksonii</i>	–	–	AF148768	AF148729	–
<i>Chordifex laxus</i>	–	GQ409031	GQ408924	GQ408993	–
<i>Chordifex microcodon</i>	–	GQ409032	GQ408925	GQ408994	–
<i>Chordifex sinuosus</i>	–	–	–	GQ408951	–
<i>Chordifex stenandrus</i>	–	–	AF148767	AF148728	–
<i>Coleocarya gracilis</i>	–	GQ409023	AF148769	AF148730	–
<i>Cytogonidium leptocarpoides</i>	–	GQ409050	–	GQ408952	–
<i>Dapsilanthus ramosus</i>	–	–	AF148780	AF148741	–
<i>Desmocladius asper</i>	–	–	–	GQ408953	–
<i>Desmocladius austrinus</i>	–	GQ409042	–	GQ408954	–
<i>Desmocladius biformis</i>	–	–	–	GQ408955	–
<i>Desmocladius castaneus</i>	–	DQ257511	AF148770	AF148731	–
<i>Desmocladius elongatus</i>	–	GQ409044	–	GQ408956	–
<i>Desmocladius fasciculatus</i>	–	–	–	GQ408957	–
<i>Desmocladius glomeratus</i>	–	–	–	GQ408958	–
<i>Desmocladius lateriticus</i>	–	–	–	GQ408959	–
<i>Desmocladius semiplanus</i>	–	–	–	GQ408960	–
<i>Dielsia stenostachya</i>	–	–	AF148771	AF148732	–
<i>Elegia acockii</i>	AY881338	AY881485	AY881412	AY881558	–
<i>Elegia aggregata</i>	AY881339	AY881486	AY881413	AY881559	–
<i>Elegia amoena</i>	AY881351	AY881498	*	AY881571	–
<i>Elegia asperiflora</i>	AY881352	AY881499	AY881426	AY881572	–
<i>Elegia atratiflora</i>	AY881353	AY881500	AY881427	AY881573	–
<i>Elegia caespitosa</i>	AY881354	AY881501	AY881428	AY881574	–
<i>Elegia capensis</i>	AY881355	AY881502	AY881429	AY881575	–
<i>Elegia coleura</i>	AY881356	AY881503	AY881430	AY881576	–
<i>Elegia cuspidata</i>	AY881357	AY881504	AY881431	AF148735	–
<i>Elegia decipiens</i>	AY881340	AY881487	AY881414	AY881560	KC514030

<i>Elegia deustum</i>	AY881341	AY881488	AY881415	AY881561	KC514037
<i>Elegia ebracteata</i>	AY881342	AY881489	AY881416	AY881562	KC514024
<i>Elegia elephantina</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Elegia elephas</i>	AY881343	AY881490	AY881417	AY881563	–
<i>Elegia equisetacea</i>	AY881358	AY881505	AY881432	AY881578	–
<i>Elegia esterhuyseniae</i>	AY881359	AY881506	AY881433	AY881579	–
<i>Elegia extensa</i>	AY881360	AY881507	AY881434	AY881580	–
<i>Elegia fenestrata</i>	AY881361	AY881508	AY123238	AY881581	KC514044
<i>Elegia filacea</i>	AY881362	AY881509	AY881436	AY881582	–
<i>Elegia fistulosa</i>	AY881363	AY881510	AY881437	AY881583	–
<i>Elegia fucata</i>	AY881364	AY881511	AY881438	AY881584	KC514010
<i>Elegia galpinii</i>	AY881365	AY881512	AY881439	AY881585	–
<i>Elegia glomerata</i>	AY881366	AY881513	AY881440	AY881586	–
<i>Elegia grandis</i>	AY881367	AY881514	AY881441	AY881587	–
<i>Elegia grandispicata</i>	AY881368	AY881515	AY881442	AY881588	–
<i>Elegia hookeriana</i>	AY881344	AY881491	AY881418	AY881564	KC513951
<i>Elegia hutchinsonii</i>	AY881369	AY881516	AY881443	AY881589	KC514038
<i>Elegia intermedia</i>	AY881370	AY881517	AY881444	AY881590	–
<i>Elegia juncea</i>	AY881371	AY881518	AY881445	AY881591	–
<i>Elegia macrocarpa</i>	AY881350	AY881497	AY881424	AY881570	–
<i>Elegia microcarpa</i>	AY881345	AY881492	AY881419	AY881565	–
<i>Elegia mucronata</i>	AY881346	AY881493	AY881420	AY881566	–
<i>Elegia muirii</i>	AY881372	AY881519	AY881446	AY881592	–
<i>Elegia neesii</i>	AY881373	AY881520	AY881447	AY881593	–
<i>Elegia nuda</i>	AY881347	AY881494	AY881421	AY881567	KC514026
<i>Elegia persistens</i>	AY881374	AY881521	AY881448	AY881594	KC514045
<i>Elegia prominens</i>	AY881375	AY881522	AY881449	AY881595	–
<i>Elegia racemosa</i>	AY881376	AY881523	AY881450	AY881596	–
<i>Elegia recta</i>	AY881348	AY881495	AY881422	AY881568	–
<i>Elegia rigida</i>	AY881377	AY881524	AY881451	AY881597	–
<i>Elegia spathacea</i>	AY881378	AY881525	AY881452	AY881598	KC514048
<i>Elegia squamosa</i>	AY881379	AY881526	AY881453	AY881599	–
<i>Elegia stipularis</i>	AY881380	AY881527	AY881454	AY881600	–
<i>Elegia stokoei</i>	AY881381	AY881528	AY881455	AY881601	–
<i>Elegia tectorum</i>	AY881349	AY881496	AY881423	AY881569	KC514027
<i>Elegia thyrsifera</i>	AY881382	AY881529	AY881456	AY881602	–
<i>Elegia thyrsoides</i>	AY881383	AY881530	AY881457	AY881603	–
<i>Elegia vaginulata</i>	AY881384	AY881531	AY881458	AY881604	–
<i>Elegia verreauxii</i>	AY881385	AY881532	AY881459	AY881605	–
<i>Empodisma minus</i>	–	DQ257513	AF148775	AF148736	–
<i>Eurychorda complanata</i>	–	DQ257514	AF148790	AF148751	–
<i>Guringalia dimorpha</i>	–	–	AF148763	AF148723	–
<i>Harperia confertospicata</i>	–	–	GQ408926	GQ408995	–
<i>Harperia eyreana</i>	–	–	–	GQ408961	–
<i>Harperia lateriflora</i>	–	GQ409020	AF148776	AF148737	–
<i>Hydrophilus rattrayi</i>	–	–	–	AF175141	–

<i>Hypodiscus aristatus</i>	–	–	*	AF175142	–
<i>Hypodiscus montanus</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Hypodiscus squamosus</i>	–	*	*	*	–
<i>Hypodiscus willdenowia</i>	–	–	–	AF175143	–
<i>Hypolaena exsulca</i>	–	–	GQ408927	–	–
<i>Hypolaena pubescens</i>	–	GQ409046	–	GQ408963	–
<i>Hypolaena robusta</i>	–	–	–	GQ408964	–
<i>Kulinia eludens</i>	–	–	AF148778	AF148739	–
<i>Lepidobolus chaetocephalus</i>	–	–	AF148779	AF148740	–
<i>Lepidobolus desertii</i>	–	–	–	GQ408965	–
<i>Lepidobolus preissianus</i>	–	–	–	GQ408966	–
<i>Leptocarpus diffusus</i>	–	–	–	GQ408970	–
<i>Leptocarpus tenax</i>	–	GQ409039	AF148781	AF148742	–
<i>Lepyrodia glauca</i>	–	DQ257521	AF148785	AF148746	–
<i>Lepyrodia heleocharoides</i>	–	DQ257522	GQ408931	GQ409000	–
<i>Lepyrodia muirii</i>	–	–	GQ408932	GQ409002	–
<i>Lepyrodia scariosa</i>	–	GQ409025	GQ408933	GQ409003	–
<i>Loxocarya cinerea</i>	–	GQ409047	–	GQ408996	–
<i>Loxocarya gigas</i>	–	–	AF148786	AF148747	–
<i>Loxocarya striata</i>	–	–	–	GQ408971	–
<i>Mastersiella digitata</i>	–	–	AM235098	AF175147	–
<i>Mastersiella purpurea</i>	*	–	*	*	–
<i>Mastersiella spathulata</i>	*	*	*	*	KC514046
<i>Meeboldina cana</i>	–	GQ409045	AF148783	AF148744	–
<i>Meeboldina coangustata</i>	–	GQ409043	AF148784	AF148745	–
<i>Meeboldina scariosa</i>	–	–	–	GQ408974	–
<i>Melanostachya ustulata</i>	–	GQ409035	AF148788	AF148749	–
<i>Nevillea obtusissima</i>	–	–	*	AF175148	–
<i>Onychosepalum laxiflorum</i>	–	–	–	GQ408975	–
<i>Platycaulos acutus</i>	–	*	*	*	KC514034
<i>Platycaulos anceps</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Platycaulos callistachyus</i>	–	*	–	*	–
<i>Platycaulos cascadiensis</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513952
<i>Platycaulos compressus</i>	AY881390	AY881537	AY881464	AY881610	–
<i>Platycaulos depauperatus</i>	–	*	–	*	–
<i>Platycaulos mahonii</i>	–	–	–	–	KC514047
<i>Platycaulos major</i>	AY881391	AY881538	AY881465	AY881611	KC513953
<i>Platycaulos subcompressus</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Platychora applanata</i>	–	GQ409040	GQ408928	GQ408997	–
<i>Platychora rivalis</i>	–	–	GQ408929	GQ408998	–
<i>Restio acockii</i>	*	*	*	*	KC514029
<i>Restio adpressus</i>	–	*	*	*	–
<i>Restio albotuberculatus</i>	AY690743	AY640385	AY690743	AY690782	KC514011
<i>Restio alticola</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Restio andreaeanus</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Restio anomalus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513963

<i>Restio arcuatus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC514015
<i>Restio aridus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513983
<i>Restio asperus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC514039
<i>Restio aureolus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio bifarius</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio bifidus</i>	AY881392	AY881539	AY881466	AY881612	—
<i>Restio bifurcus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio bolusii</i>	*	—	*	*	—
<i>Restio brachiatus</i>	—	—	*	*	KC514014
<i>Restio brunneus</i>	*	—	*	*	—
<i>Restio burchellii</i>	—	—	—	AF175157	—
<i>Restio caespitosus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513987
<i>Restio calcicola</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio capensis</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513972
<i>Restio capillaris</i>	—	*	—	*	—
<i>Restio cincinnatus</i>	*	*	*	AF175144	KC513996
<i>Restio clandestinus</i>	—	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio coactilis</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513966
<i>Restio colliculospermus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio communis</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio confusus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio constipatus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513992
<i>Restio corneolus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio curvibracteatus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio curviramis</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513994
<i>Restio cymosus</i>	—	—	—	*	—
<i>Restio debilis</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio decipiens</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio degenerans</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio dispar</i>	—	*	AM235099	AF175158	—
<i>Restio distans</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio distichus</i>	AY881393	AY881540	AY881467	AY881613	—
<i>Restio distractus</i>	—	*	*	*	KC513975
<i>Restio distylis</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio dodii</i>	—	—	—	AF175159	—
<i>Restio durus</i>	AY881386	AY881533	AY881460	AY881606	KC514012
<i>Restio duthieae</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513971
<i>Restio echinatus</i>	—	*	—	*	—
<i>Restio egregius</i>	*	*	*	AF175160	—
<i>Restio ejuncidus</i>	*	—	*	*	—
<i>Restio eleocharis</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513970
<i>Restio elsieae</i>	*	*	*	*	KC514001
<i>Restio esterhuyseniae</i>	—	*	*	*	KC513974
<i>Restio femineus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513997
<i>Restio festuciformis</i>	AY881394	AY881541	AY881468	AY881614	—
<i>Restio filiformis</i>	*	*	*	*	—

<i>Restio fragilis</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio fusiformis</i>	*	—	*	*	—
<i>Restio galpinii</i>	*	*	*	*	KC514019
<i>Restio gossypinus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513973
<i>Restio harveyi</i>	—	*	—	*	—
<i>Restio hyalinus</i>	*	*	*	AF175134	KC513999
<i>Restio hystrix</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513993
<i>Restio implicatus</i>	—	*	—	—	—
<i>Restio impolitus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC514028
<i>Restio inconspicuus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio ingens</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio insignis</i>	AY690745	AY640387	AY690745	AY690784	—
<i>Restio inveteratus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio karooicus</i>	AY881388	AY881535	AY881462	AY881608	KC513989
<i>Restio laniger</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513968
<i>Restio leptoclados</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513978
<i>Restio leptostachyus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio levynsiae</i>	—	*	*	—	—
<i>Restio longiaristatus</i>	—	*	*	*	KC514036
<i>Restio macer</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513998
<i>Restio marlothii</i>	*	*	*	*	KC514002
<i>Restio micans</i>	*	—	*	*	—
<i>Restio miser</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio mlanjiensis</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio monanthos</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513976
<i>Restio monostylis</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio muirii</i>	AY881387	AY881534	AY881461	AY881607	—
<i>Restio multiflorus</i>	—	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio nanus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513995
<i>Restio nodosus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio nubigenus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513964
<i>Restio nudiflorus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC514023
<i>Restio nuwebergensis</i>	*	*	*	*	KC514016
<i>Restio obscurus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio occultus</i>	*	—	*	*	—
<i>Restio ocreatus</i>	*	*	*	AF175145	—
<i>Restio pachystachyus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio paludicola</i>	—	*	—	—	—
<i>Restio paludosus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio paniculatus</i>	*	*	AM235093	AF175135	—
<i>Restio papillosus</i>	—	*	*	*	KC514000
<i>Restio papyraceus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC514017
<i>Restio parthenocarpos</i>	—	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio parvispiculus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC514006
<i>Restio patens</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio peculiaris</i>	*	—	*	*	—



<i>Restio pedicellatus</i>	AY881389	AY881536	AY881463	AY881609	—
<i>Restio perplexus</i>	AY881395	AY881542	AY881469	AY881615	—
<i>Restio perseverans</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio pillansii</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio praeacutus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC514025
<i>Restio pratensis</i>	—	*	*	*	KC513967
<i>Restio pulcher</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio pulvinatus</i>	—	—	—	*	—
<i>Restio pumilus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio purpurascens</i>	—	*	—	*	—
<i>Restio pygmaeus</i>	—	—	—	*	—
<i>Restio quadratus</i>	*	*	*	AF175162	KC514004
<i>Restio quinquefarius</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio ramosissimus</i>	—	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio rarus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio rigidus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio rigoratus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio rivulus</i>	—	*	*	*	KC513985
<i>Restio rottboellioides</i>	—	*	*	*	KC514035
<i>Restio rudolfii</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio sabulosus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513980
<i>Restio saroclados</i>	—	*	—	—	—
<i>Restio scaberulus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio schoenoides</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513979
<i>Restio secundus</i>	—	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio sejunctus</i>	—	—	—	*	—
<i>Restio setiger</i>	—	*	—	*	—
<i>Restio sieberi</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513965
<i>Restio similis</i>	AY690746	AY640388	AY690746	AY690820	—
<i>Restio sporadicus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513982
<i>Restio stokoei</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio strictus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio strobilifer</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio subtilis</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio subverticellatus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio tenuispicatus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio tenuissimus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513984
<i>Restio tetragonus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio triflora</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513969
<i>Restio triticeus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio tuberculatus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio unispicatus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513977
<i>Restio venustulus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513981
<i>Restio verrucosus</i>	*	*	*	*	—
<i>Restio versatilis</i>	*	*	*	*	KC514032
<i>Restio vilis</i>	—	*	—	*	KC513991

<i>Restio vimineus</i>	AY690744	AY640386	AY690744	AY690783	–
<i>Restio virgeus</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513986
<i>Restio wallichii</i>	–	*	*	*	KC513988
<i>Restio wittebergensis</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513990
<i>Restio zuluensis</i>	*	*	*	*	KC514003
<i>Restio zwartbergensis</i>	–	*	–	*	–
<i>Rhodocoma alpina</i>	*	AY640389	*	*	KC514013
<i>Rhodocoma arida</i>	AY690747	AY640390	AY690747	AY690785	KC514021
<i>Rhodocoma capensis</i>	AY690748	AY640391	AY690748	AY690786	–
<i>Rhodocoma foliosa</i>	*	AY640392	*	*	KC514008
<i>Rhodocoma fruticosa</i>	AY690749	AY640393	AY690749	AY690787	KC513955
<i>Rhodocoma gigantea</i>	AY690750	AY640394	AY690750	AY690788	–
<i>Rhodocoma gracilis</i>	AY881396	AY640395	AY881470	AY881616	–
<i>Rhodocoma vleibergensis</i>	AY690751	AY640396	AY690751	AY690789	KC514041
<i>Saropsis fastigiata</i>	–	GQ409051	–	–	–
<i>Soroveta ambigua</i>	–	*	*	*	KC513962
<i>Sporadanthus ferrugineus</i>	–	–	GQ130336	GQ130338	–
<i>Sporadanthus gracilis</i>	–	GQ409027	DQ307450	GQ409013	–
<i>Sporadanthus tasmanicus</i>	–	GQ409028	AF148793	AF148754	–
<i>Sporadanthus traversii</i>	–	–	GQ130337	GQ130339	–
<i>Sporodanthus tasmanicus</i>	–	*	*	*	–
<i>Staberoha aemula</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513956
<i>Staberoha banksii</i>	*	*	*	AF175155	KC514033
<i>Staberoha cernua</i>	AY881397	AY881543	AY881471	AY881617	KC514018
<i>Staberoha distachyos</i>	AY881398	AY881544	AY881472	AY881618	KC513961
<i>Staberoha multispicula</i>	AY881399	AY881545	AY881473	AY881619	KC513960
<i>Staberoha ornata</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Staberoha remota</i>	*	*	*	*	KC513959
<i>Staberoha stokoei</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Staberoha vaginata</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Stenotalis ramosissima</i>	–	–	–	GQ408976	–
<i>Taraxis grossa</i>	–	GQ409038	AF148794	AF148755	–
<i>Thamnochortus acuminatus</i>	AY690752	AY690723	AY690752	AY690790	–
<i>Thamnochortus arenarius</i>	AY690768	AY690732	AY690768	AY690806	KC514022
<i>Thamnochortus bachmannii</i>	AY690769	AY690733	AY690769	AY690807	–
<i>Thamnochortus cinereus</i>	AY690753	AY690724	AY690753	AY690791	–
<i>Thamnochortus dumosus</i>	AY690770	AY690734	AY690770	AY690808	–
<i>Thamnochortus erectus</i>	AY690771	AY640397	AY690771	AY690809	–
<i>Thamnochortus fraternus</i>	AY690754	AY690725	AY690754	AY690792	–
<i>Thamnochortus fruticosus</i>	AY690755	AY640398	AY690755	AY690793	KC514031
<i>Thamnochortus glaber</i>	AY690756	AY690726	AY690756	AY690794	–
<i>Thamnochortus gracilis</i>	AY690757	AY640399	AY690757	AY690795	–
<i>Thamnochortus guthrieae</i>	AY690772	AY690735	AY690772	AY690810	KC514005
<i>Thamnochortus insignis</i>	AY690773	AY690736	AY690773	AY690811	KC513957
<i>Thamnochortus karooica</i>	AY690758	AY640400	AY690758	AY690796	–
<i>Thamnochortus levynsiae</i>	AY690759	AY640401	AY690759	AY690797	KC514042



<i>Thamnochortus lucens</i>	AY690774	AY640402	AY690774	AY690812	–
<i>Thamnochortus muirii</i>	AY690760	AY690727	AY690760	AY690798	KC513954
<i>Thamnochortus nutans</i>	AY690761	AY640403	AY690761	AY690799	–
<i>Thamnochortus obtusus</i>	AY690775	AY640404	AY690775	AY690813	–
<i>Thamnochortus paniculatus</i>	AY690762	AY640405	AY690762	AY690800	–
<i>Thamnochortus papyraceus</i>	AY690763	AY690728	AY690763	AY690801	–
<i>Thamnochortus pellucidus</i>	AY690776	AY690737	AY690776	AY690814	KC514007
<i>Thamnochortus platypteris</i>	AY690777	AY690738	AY690777	AY690815	KC514020
<i>Thamnochortus pluristachyus</i>	AY690764	AY690729	AY690764	AY690802	–
<i>Thamnochortus pulcher</i>	AY690765	AY640406	AY690765	AY690803	KC514009
<i>Thamnochortus punctatus</i>	AY690778	AY690739	AY690778	AY690816	KC514043
<i>Thamnochortus rigidus</i>	AY690766	AY690730	AY690766	AY690804	–
<i>Thamnochortus schlechteri</i>	AY690779	AY690740	AY690779	AY690817	KC514040
<i>Thamnochortus spicigerus</i>	AY690767	AY690731	AY690767	AY690805	KC513958
<i>Thamnochortus sporadicus</i>	AY690780	AY690741	AY690780	AY690818	–
<i>Thamnochortus stokoei</i>	AY690781	AY690742	AY690781	AY690819	–
<i>Tremulina tremula</i>	–	GQ409029	AF148792	AF148753	–
<i>Tyrbastes glaucescens</i>	–	GQ409037	AF148795	AF148756	–
<i>Willdenowia arescens</i>	*	*	*	*	–
<i>Willdenowia glomerata</i>	–	–	–	AF175150	–
<i>Willdenowia incurvata</i>	–	–	AM235103	–	–
<i>Willdenowia rugosa</i>	–	–	–	AF175151	–
<i>Winifredia sola</i>	–	GQ409021	AF148796	AF148758	–

Table S2  
Gene-specific models selected under the AICc

Data set	AICc model
<i>atpB</i>	K2P+ $\Gamma$
<i>matK</i>	GTR+ $\Gamma$
<i>phyB</i>	GTR+I+ $\Gamma$
<i>rbcL</i>	K2P+I+ $\Gamma$
<i>trnL-F</i>	HKY+ $\Gamma$

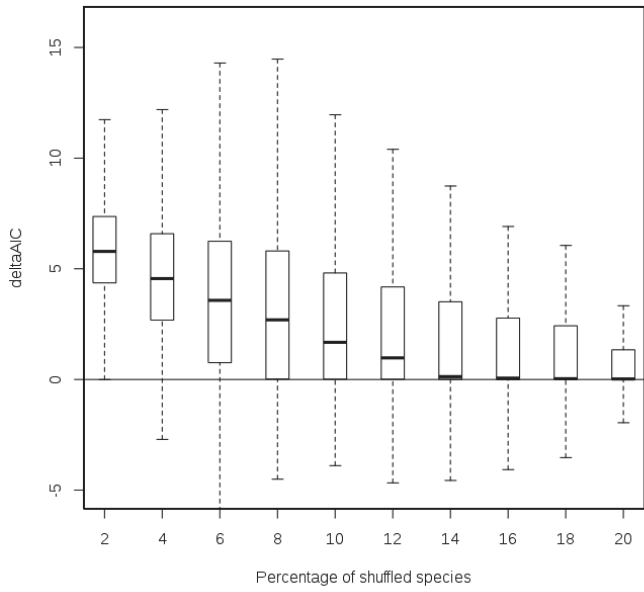


Figure S1.

Sensitivity analysis of the BiSSE analysis done on the South African clade. Difference in AIC values (y-axis) between the model inferred with the real data and replicates done with a certain number (x-axis) of species fire survival strategy randomly switched to the opposite state. Each boxplot represents the results of 1000 replicates.

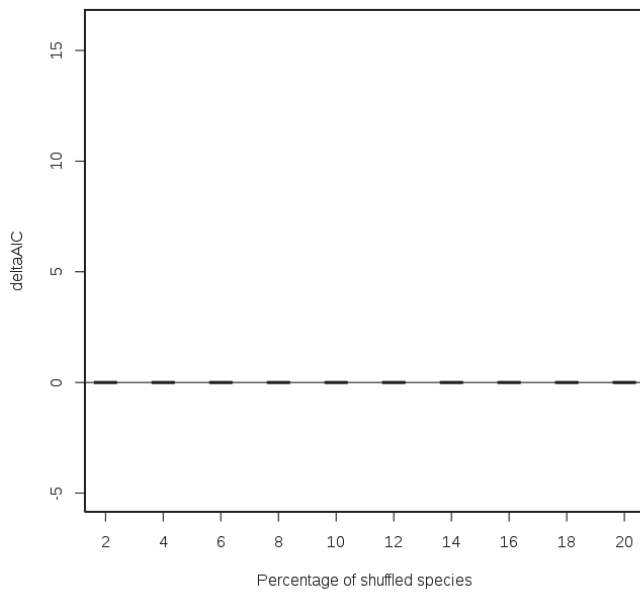


Figure S2.

Sensitivity analysis of the BiSSE analysis done on the Australian clade. Difference in AIC values (y-axis) between the model inferred with the real data and replicates done with a certain number (x-axis) of species fire survival strategy randomly switched to the opposite state. Each boxplot represents the results of 1000 replicates.

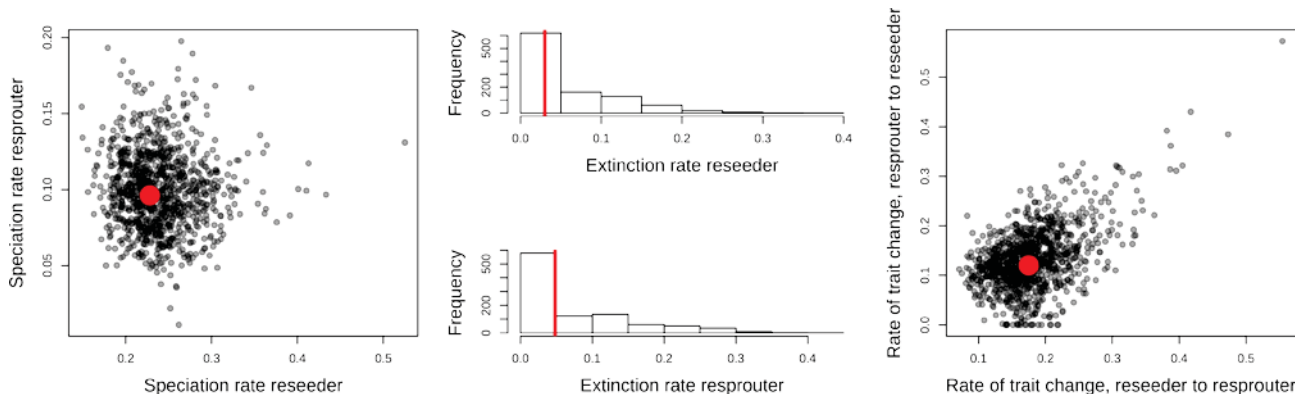


Figure S3.

We performed a simulation test to assess if BiSSE could accurately recover the parameter we inferred in our study from simulated data. We simulated in the diversitree R package (FitzJohn, 2012) 1000 phylogenies with the following parameters (speciation reseed = 0.23, speciation resprouter: 0.10; extinction reseed: 0.03, extinction resprouter: 0.05; rate of character change reseed to resprouter: 0.17; rate of character change resprouter to reseed: 0.12) and a final number of species of 200. Those numbers correspond to the maximum likelihood estimates of parameters for the South African Restionaceae dataset. We then each time estimate the parameters of the simulated dataset. Results of the simulations are given above with true values shown by the red dots or lines. The mode of the estimated parameters is always very close to the true values.

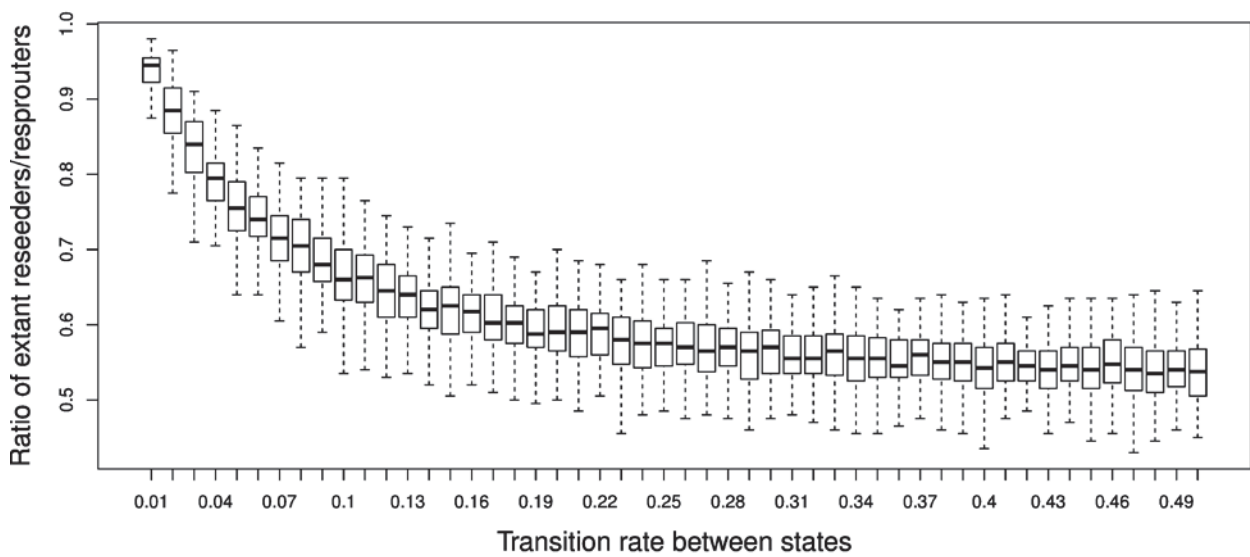


Figure S4

We performed simulation using the diversitree R package to measure the effect of the transition rate on the extant ratio of reseeders/resprouters. We simulated 100 trees using the parameters measured on the empirical data (speciation rate reseeders = 0.23, speciation rate resprouters = 0.10, extinction rate reseeders = 0.03, extinction rate resprouters = 0.05; those parameters correspond to the mean of all replicated analyses done on the South African Restionaceae) and varying transition rate between states (from 0.01 to 0.5). The transition rates are always equal between states. We further measured the ratio of extant reseeders/resprouters for each batch of 100 simulated tree. The results show that the ratio of extant reseeders/resprouters stabilise quickly between 0.6 and 0.6. Extremely high transition rates (e.g. close to 0.5) are thus not mandatory to obtain a ratio of reseeders/resprouters that is close to even.



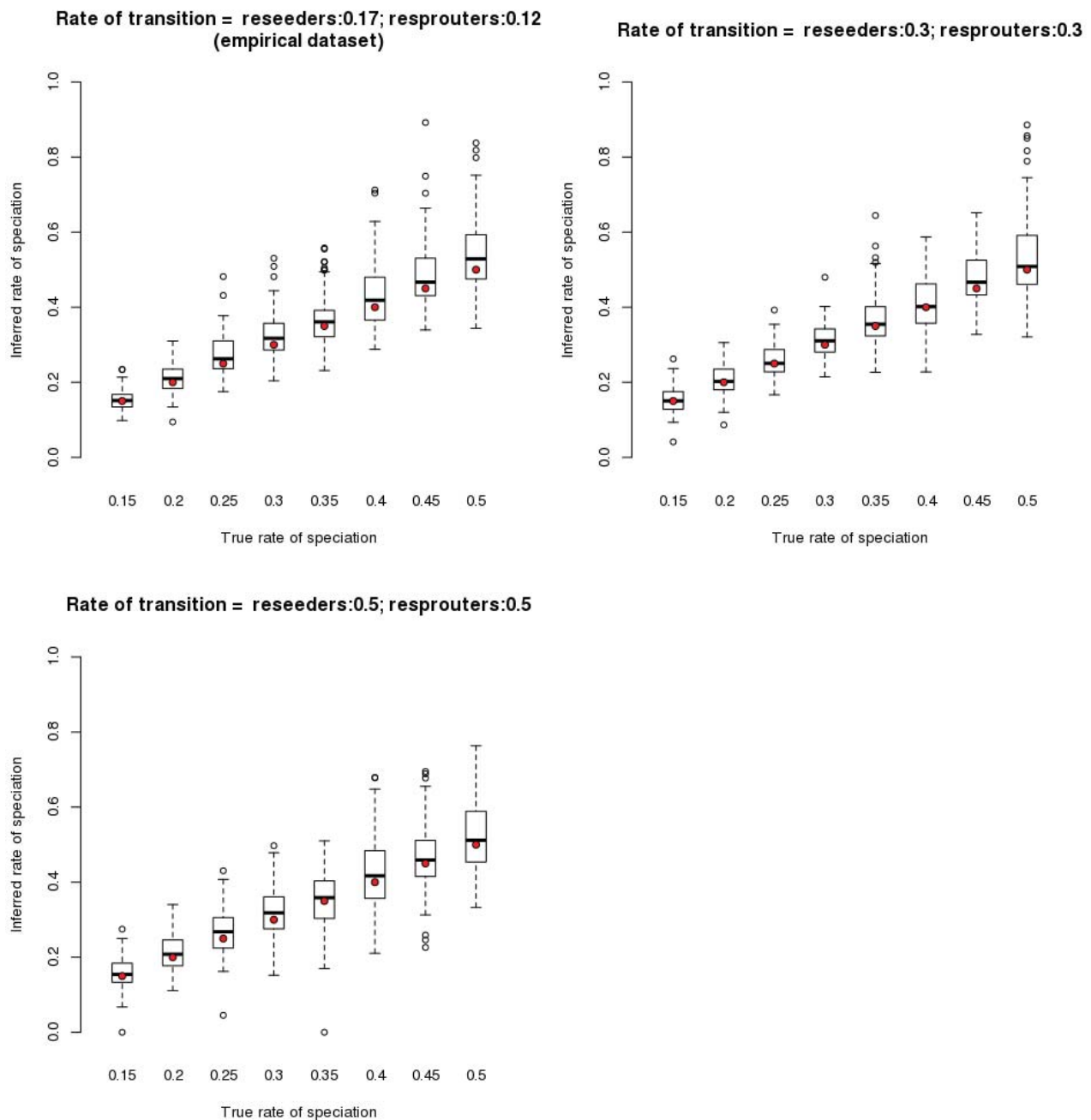


Figure S5

High rates of transition between binary states could create saturation in the dataset leading to wrong estimates of the parameter. To measure the effect of saturation on our dataset, we performed simulation using the diversitree R. We simulated 100 trees using the parameters measured on the empirical data (see the legend of figure S4) and varying the speciation rate (from 0.15 to 0.5). True speciation rate are shown by red dots. We tested three configuration of transition rate. First we used the mean value of the South African empirical dataset. Then we increased the transition rates to 0.3 and finally 0.5. The true value is, consistently across simulations, located in the confidence intervals of the simulations showing that even with high transition rates, BiSSE can accurately infer the speciation rates.